Voting Results

World wide votes were carried out on the 20 finalists from 600 nominee from McGill's 190 year history. After nearly 60,000 votes, the results are in for the Greatest McGillians contest. And here are the final standings, reflecting votes received as well as the average "approval rating" out of five stars for each finalist:

- 1. Thomas Chang (1933) Final rating: 4.4 average (7501 votes)
- Leonard Cohen (1934) Final rating: 4 average (5817 votes)
- 3. Ernest Rutherford (1871 1937) Final rating: 4 average (4251 votes)
- 4. Wilder Penfield (1891 1976) Final rating: 4 average (3928 votes)
- William Osler (1849 1919) Final rating: 3.8 average (3040 votes)
- Brenda Milner (1918 –) Final rating: 3.8 average (2804 votes)
- 7. James McGill (1744 1813) Final rating: 3.7 average (3053 votes)
- John Humphrey (1905 1995) Final rating: 3.7 average (2617 votes)
- 9. Wilfrid Laurier (1841 1919) Final rating: 3.6 average (2812 votes)
- 10. Maude Abbott (1869 1940) Final rating: 3.5 average (2401 votes)
- 11. Bernard Belleau (1925 1989) Final rating: 3.5 average (2298 votes)
- 12. Stephen Leacock (1869 1944) Final rating: 3.4 average (2504 votes)
- 13. Charles R. Drew (1904 1950) Final rating: 3.3 average (2047 votes)
- 14. William Shatner (1931) Final rating: 3.2 average (3231 votes)
- 15. Charles Taylor (1931) Final rating: 3.2 average (2351 votes)
- 16. William C. Macdonald (1831 1917) Final rating: 3.2 average (2253 votes)
- 17. James Naismith (1861 1939) Final rating: 3.1 average (2284 votes)
- 18. William Dawson (1820 1899) Final rating: 3 average (2048 votes)
- 19. Jennifer Heil (1983) Final rating: 2.9 average (2236 votes)
- 20. Thomas H. Clark (1893 1996) Final rating: 2.9 average (1859 votes)

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THE GREATEST OF THE GREATS

After nearly 60,000 votes and months of sometimes furious debate, the results are in for the Greatest McGillians contest. And the winner was a bit of a surprise.

THOMAS CHANG, BSc'57, MDCM'61, PhD'65, might not have the Nobel Prize pedigree of third place finisher Ernest Rutherford, or the worldwide celebrity status of runner-up Leonard Cohen, BA'55, DLitt'92, but the director of McGill's Artificial Cells and Organs Research Centre clearly earned the rock-solid support of a sizeable number of the voters who took part in the contest.

Chang invented the artificial blood cell in his dorm room as a McGill undergraduate and became an early pioneer of biomedical engineering in the process. His later work led to, among other things, a treatment for drug poisoning that was used around the world.

The contest, developed by the McGill Alumni Association (MAA) as part of the celebration of the University's 190th anniversary, called on members of the McGill community to nominate candidates for the title of Greatest McGillian, then vote on a final field of 20. Other nominees who earned substantial support included William Osler, Wilder Penfield, Brenda Milner, John Humphrey and, of course, the University's founder, James McGill.

The contest aimed to educate as well as to spark discussion, and MAA executive director Honora Shaughnessy, MLS'73, feels that those goals were accomplished. "There are now thousands in the McGill community who are more aware of the achievements of someone



like a Thomas Chang, or a Bernard Belleau, who co-developed the highly effective anti-AIDS drug 3TC."

The contest might be closed, but the Greatest McGillians will live on. The 20 finalists, and some 30 other Great McGillians, will be enshrined in a new web-based, historical timeline highlighting McGill's history through its greatest achievers. Contest organizers plan to "induct" a new set of McGillians into the timeline each year.

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